The Plasma Phase

Chapter 1. An experiment - measure and understand transport processes in a plasma

Three important vugraphs
What we have just talked about
The diagnostics

Chapter 2. An introduction to plasma physics

Occurrence

Temperature

Debye Length

Plasma Oscillations

Discreteness

Collective versus individual behavior

Applications of Plasma Physics

Fundamental Physics Studies at Texas

Research at the Fusion Research Center

Some notes on electrostatics

Notes on identities

Chapter 3. Magnetic diagnostics for plasmas

Basic equations

Integration

Alternate measurement techniques

Experimental techniques

Plasma current (the Rogowski coil)

Loop volts

Deductions from loop voltage

Position and $b_I + l_i/2$ for a circular equilibrium

Modified Rogowski and saddle coils

Moments

position

shape

 $b_{I} + l_{i}/2$

separation of bI + li/2

Diamagnetism

Fast surface reconstruction

Full reconstruction

Mirnov oscillations

Internal measurements

Chapter 4. Probes (and sheaths)

Trapping probes

Gridded analyzer

Emissive probes

To calculate a probe characteristic

Orbit theory

Langmuir floating probes

The collisionless sheath

The triple probe

Effects of B field

Chapter 5. Refractive index measurements (e.g. density)

Waves in a plasma

wave representation

group velocity

index of refraction

polarization

small amplitude variations

some elementary waves in plasmas

em waves with $B_0 = 0$ in vacuum.

dielectric properties of plasmas

em waves with $B_0 = 0$ in a plasma

including a magnetic field

O mode

X mode

Cuttoffs and resonances

General em waves in plasmas

Electron density measurements in the earth's ionosphere.

The interferometer

Michelson

Mach Zender

Fabry Perot

simple analysis

determining the phase shift

modulation and detection

coherence, diffraction, refraction

frequency choice

Abel inversion

Interference imaging

Schlieren and shadowgraphs

Faraday rotation

Reflectometry

Physical optics and Fourier analysis

Phase contrast imaging

Chapter 6. Electromagnetic radiation from free electrons

Cyclotron radiation

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Electron cyclotron motion

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Typical detection systems

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waveguide system

optical system

Results from TEXT

e-m radiation detectors

General considerations

Types

Construction

Heterodyne detection

Cerenkov radiation

Chapter 7. Electromagnetic radiation from electron ion collisions (bremsstrahlung, recombination)

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Theory

bremsstrahlung

Recombination

Temperature measurements

X-ray pulse height analysis

Zeff measurements

X-ray tomography

Hard X-rays

Chapter 8. Electromagnetic radiation from bound electrons

Introduction

Transitions

Equilibria

Rate coefficients

Line broadening

Line intensities

Doppler width

Flow velocity

Stark width

Bolometry

Resonance fluorescence

Zeeman splitting

Spectrometers etc.

Chapter 9. The heavy ion beam probe

Principles of operation

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ions source

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beam bending system

sweep plates

analyzer

Sample volumes

Space potential

Space potential fluctuations

Density fluctuations

Two-point measurements

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coherence

particle flux

Line-Integral effects

Finite sample volume effects

Magnetic field measurements

Chapter 10. Scattering of radiation

Theory

Incoherent (Thomson) scattering

Coherent scattering

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Chapter 11. Laser plasma diagnostics

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Indirect drive

Spectra

Large area back lighters

Point back lighters

Rayleigh Taylor instability

Femto-second laser produced plasmas

Chapter 12. Gaussian statistics

Volume sampling diagnostics

Finite sample volume effects

Two features

Line integrals, common mode, path effects

Application of Gaussian statistics to line integral effects

Chapter 13. Active spectroscopy (A neutral beam diagnostics for Alcator C-Mod

Introduction

The diagnostic neutral beam

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Neutral Beam Penetration

Diagnostics

Profiles

Turbulence

Conclusions